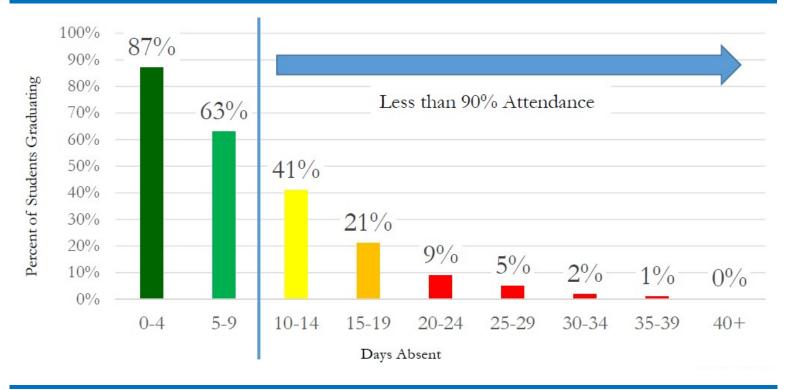
Freshman Graduation by Days Absent





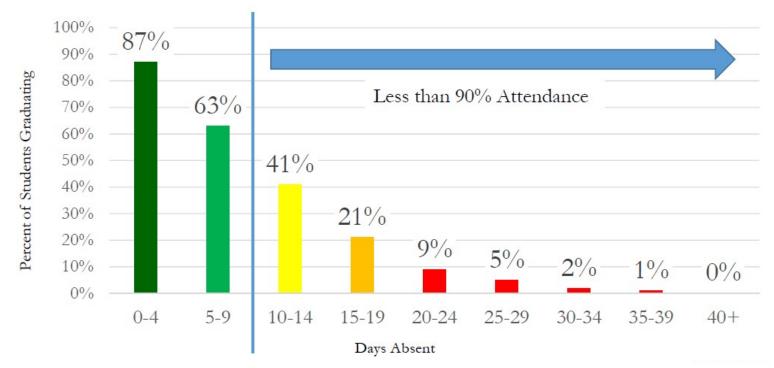
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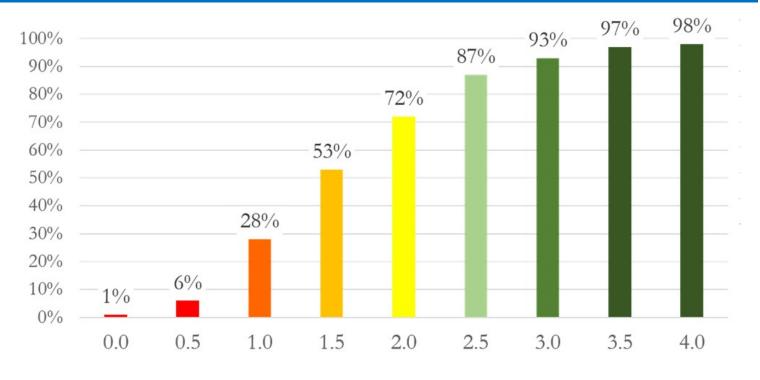


Freshman Graduation by Days Absent









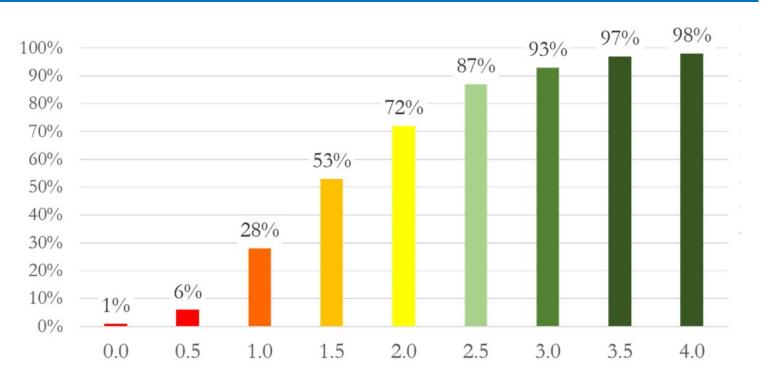
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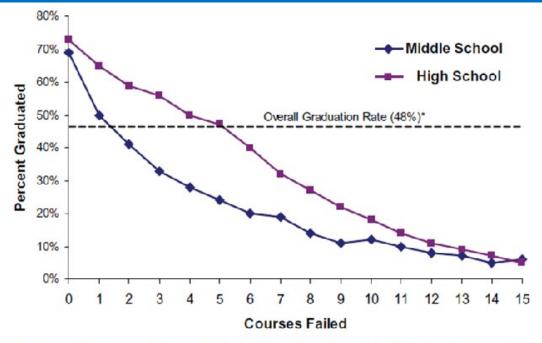


Freshman Graduation by GPA









* Graduation rates in this report refer to first-time 9th graders in September, 2001 who graduated by June, 2005.

What Factors Predict High School Graduation in the Los Angeles Unified School District? Silver, D., Saunders, M. (University of California, Los Angeles), Zarate, E. University of California, Irvine)





Graduation Rates by Courses Failed





* Graduation rates in this report refer to first-time 9th graders in September, 2001 who graduated by June, 2005.





Students with EWIs Early in the Year (1st Quarter)



Absent 3 or more times	2x more likely to drop out
Suspended	3x more likely to drop out
D or F in Math/ELA	1.5x more likely to drop out
GPA below 3.0	5x more likely to drop out
	Suspended D or F in Math/ELA

9th Grade,	Absent 3 or more times	3x more likely to drop out
1st Marking Period	Suspended	2x more likely to drop out
_	D or F in Math/ELA	3x more likely to drop out
	GPA below 3.0	5x more likely to drop out

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Students with EWIs Early in the Year (1st Quarter)

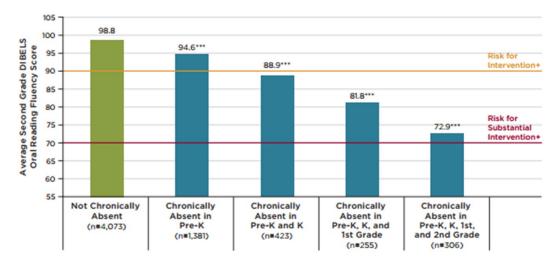


6 th grade, 1 st Marking Period	Absent 3 or more times Suspended D or F in Math/ELA GPA below 3.0	2x more likely to drop out3x more likely to drop out1.5x more likely to drop out5x more likely to drop out
9 th Grade, 1 st Marking Period	Absent 3 or more times Suspended D or F in Math/ELA GPA below 3.0	3x more likely to drop out 2x more likely to drop out 3x more likely to drop out 5x more likely to drop out



FIGURE 10

The more years students are chronically absent in the early years, the more at-risk they are for needing reading interventions by the end of second grade



Note: ""Indicates that scores are significantly different from scores of students who are never chronically absent, at p<.001 level.

+ In the DIBELS 6th Edition Assessment and Scoring Guide (Good & Kaminksi, 2002), these are labeled as "Some Risk," indicating the need for additional intervention and "At Risk," indicating the need for substantial interventions.

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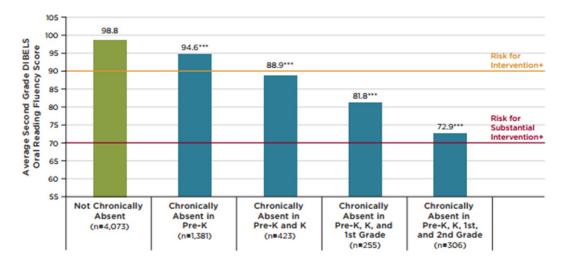


Early Absences and 3rd Grade Reading



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Numerous studies on resilience establish a correlation between academic resiliency and academic success, especially in lower socioeconomic populations. For example, a longitudinal study by Scales et al. (2006) found that higher levels of resiliency traits are strongly correlated with higher grade point averages (GPAs) among middle and high school students. These findings hold true over time, so that students reporting more resiliency characteristics early in the study had higher GPAs three years later, compared to students with fewer assets at the start.

Academic Resiliency Content is Key in School Improvement, Scholarcentric, 2010





Resiliency

8

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3rd Marking Period Suspended Below GL in Math/El GPA below 1.2		5x more likely to drop out	
3 rd grade, 1 st Marking Period	Absent 3 or more times Suspended Below GL in Math/ELA GPA below 3.0	2x more likely to drop out 9x more likely to drop out 2x more likely to drop out 2x more likely to drop out	

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Just-the-Right-Mix MCPS West2013.pdf



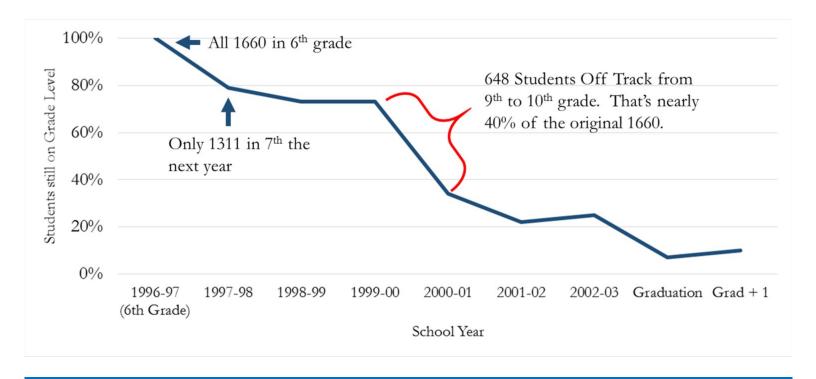


Students with EWIs Early in the Year



1st grade, 3rd Marking Period	Absent 9 or more times Suspended Below GL in Math/ELA	2x more likely to drop out5x more likely to drop out2x more likely to drop out
	GPA below 1.2	2x more likely to drop out
3 rd grade,	Absent 3 or more times	2x more likely to drop out
1st Marking Period	Suspended	9x more likely to drop out
	Below GL in Math/ELA	2x more likely to drop out
	GPA below 3.0	2x more likely to drop out





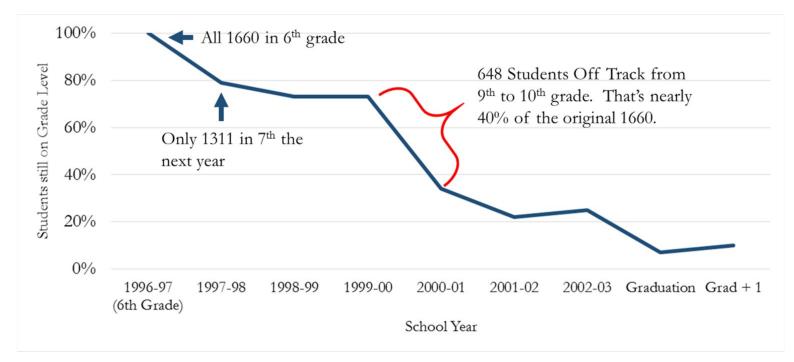
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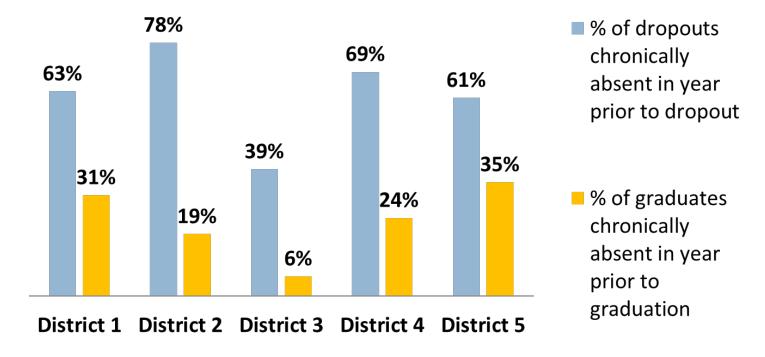


Unsatisfactory Behavior Grade









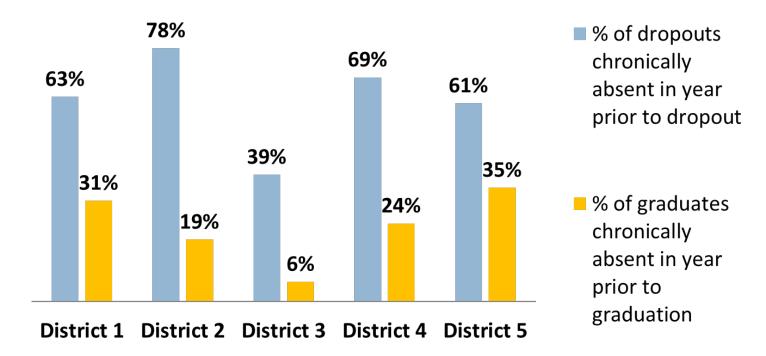
Based on the Advancing the "Colorado Graduates" Agenda: Understanding the Dropout Problem and Mobilizing to Meet the Graduation Challenge accessed from http://bit.ly/2vQsDH8





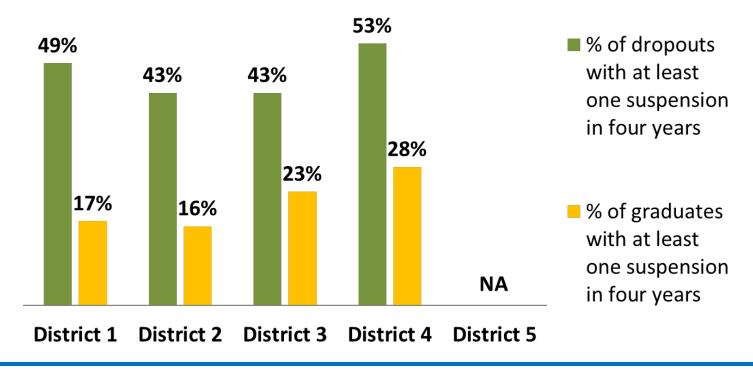
Who Graduates and Who Doesn't: Attendance











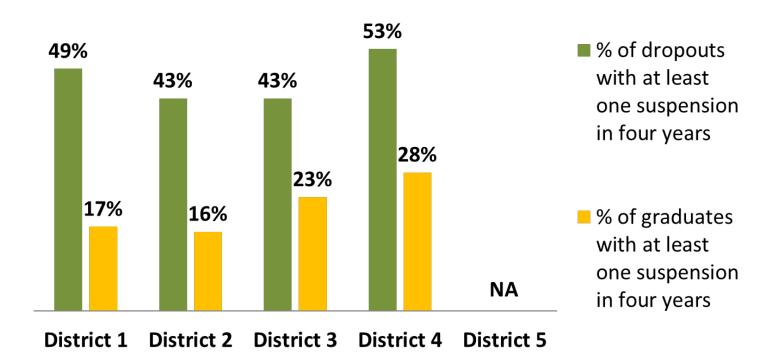
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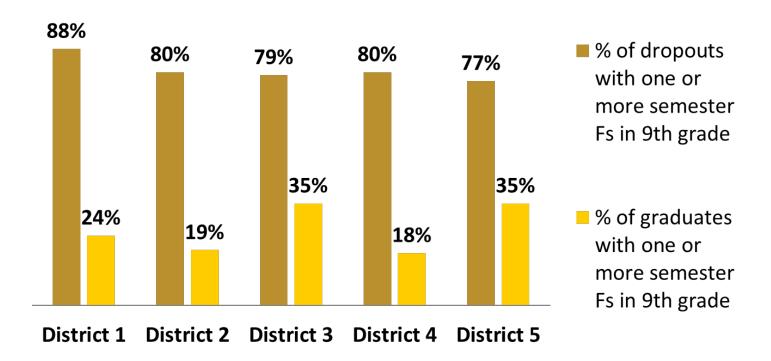
Who Graduates and Who Doesn't: Behavior











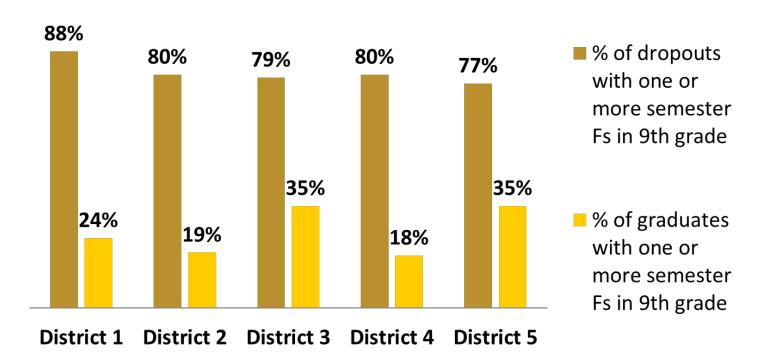
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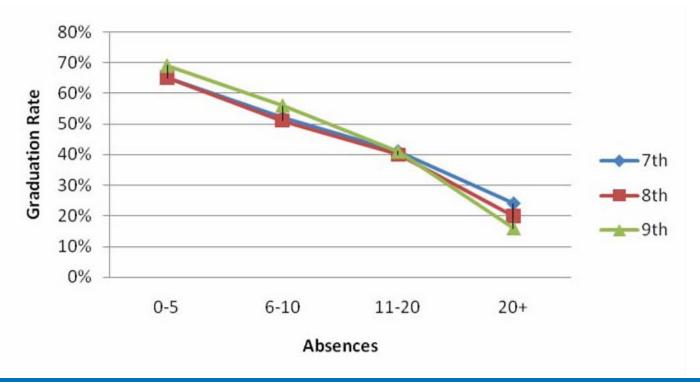


Who Graduates and Who Doesn't: Course Performance









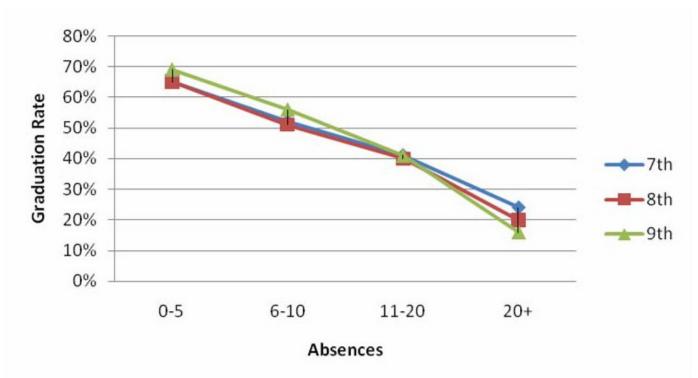
What Factors Predict High School Graduation in the Los Angeles Unified School District? Silver, D., Saunders, M. (University of California, Los Angeles), Zarate, E. (University of California, Irvine)



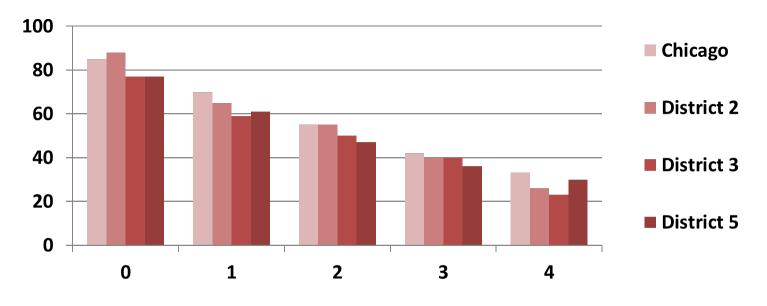


Graduation Rate by Number of Absences









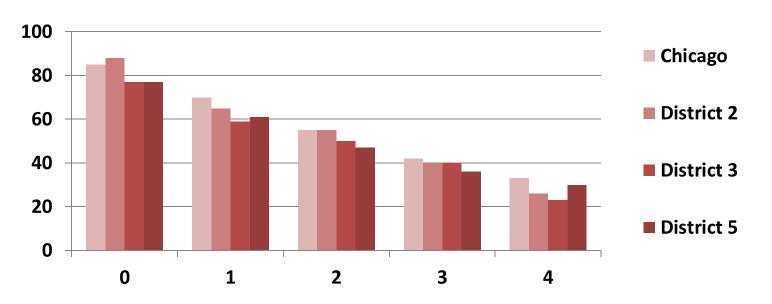
Number of Failing Semester Grades in 9th Grade

Need the original source for this graph



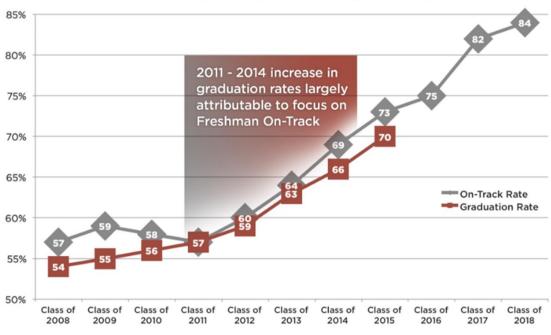
Graduation Rate by Number of Classes Failed





Number of Failing Semester Grades in 9th Grade





Accessed from: http://ontrack.uchicago.edu

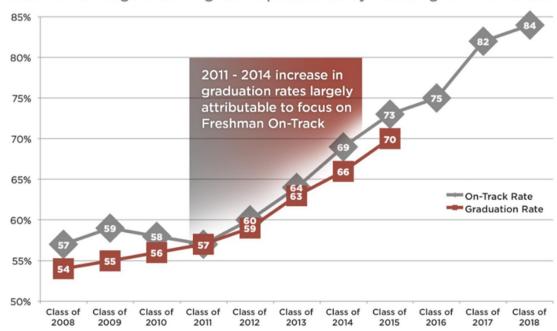




Predictions vs. Reality









Differences between Districts



Optimal Grade 9 Indicator Cut Points*	District A	District B	District C**
End-of-year attendance rates	< 90%	< 95%	< 95%
Grade point average	< 1.9	< 2.1	< 2.2
Total credits earned	< 7	<7	***
Total number of failing grades in core courses	≥1 ②	≥1	***
Total number of suspensions	≥1	≥1 ②	≥1
Total number of failing grades	≥1	≥1	≥1

^{*} Optimal cut point: a specific value on the original scale of an indicator that separates students who are at risk of nongraduation from those who are not at risk.

1

Best¹ indicator that consistently predicts nongraduation



Second best¹ indicator that consistently predicts nongraduation



Third best¹ indicator that consistently predicts nongraduation

"For districts implementing early warning systems, it is important to assess the accuracy of the indicators used to identify students who are at risk of dropping out of high school.."

Accessed from: http://www.earlywarningsystems.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/10/ REL 358info.pdf





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^{**} District C has two indicators (not three) because only two indicators were consistent predictors of nongraduation.

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