

CIVIC MARSHALL PLAN TO BUILD A GRAD NATION

2013 INDEX

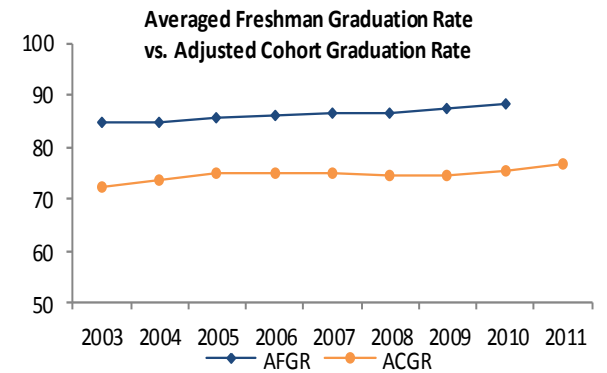
WHERE DOES MINNESOTA STAND?

CONTEXT

Poverty: Minnesota ranks **45th** in childhood poverty at **13.9** percent.

College Education: Minnesota ranks **9th** in college completion at **38.1** percent.

Sources: Poverty: 2012 Current Population Survey (joint effort of Bureau of Labor Statistics and Census Bureau)
College Education: 2011 American Community Survey (Census Bureau)



PROGRESS

CHALLENGES

| | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| I | Average Freshman Graduation Rate (AFGR): Increased from 83.9 to 88.2 percent from 2002 to 2010 Average of 0.5 points per year | Needs to increase 0.2 points per year starting in 2010 to reach 90 percent by 2020 |
| II | Class of 2010 had 2,908 more graduates than Class of 2002 | Class of 2020 needs 1,217 more graduates than Class of 2010 to reach 90 percent |
| III | 1 fewer dropout factory in 2011 than 2002 | In 2011, there were 5 dropout factories. To reach 0 by 2016, 1 school needs to improve per year. |
| IV | 3,753 fewer students attended dropout factories in 2011 than 2002 | 2,852 students still attend dropout factories in 2011 |
| V | Percent of 4th graders testing at or above proficient in Reading (NAEP) decreased from 37 percent to 35 percent, from 2003 to 2011 | 39,416 4th graders still not proficient in Reading |
| VI | Percent of 8th graders testing at or above proficient in Math (NAEP) increased from 44 percent to 48 percent, from 2003 to 2011 | 31,866 8th graders still not proficient in Math |
| VII | Students who took at least one AP exam during high school increased 13.4 percentage points, from 14.8 percent to 28.2 percent, from 2001 to 2011 | Only 64.9 percent of test-takers scored at least one "3" or higher |
| VIII | This state has reported the new, four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate (ACGR) that is now required by the U.S. Department of Education (USDOE). The ACGR for 2011 is 77.0 percent. | All but 3 states report the new rate. Idaho and Kentucky were issued waivers from the USDOE allowing them until 2013/2014 to report the new rate. Oklahoma has applied for a waiver and is awaiting approval. |

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

With a 90 percent graduation rate, the additional graduates could deliver an estimated **\$16 million** in increased annual earnings, **\$2.9 million** in increased annual state and local tax revenues, and an increase in the Gross State Product of **\$19 million**.

Source: Previously unpublished Alliance for Excellent Education analysis of data from Economic Modeling Specialists, Inc.