

CIVIC MARSHALL PLAN TO BUILD A GRAD NATION

2010 INDEX

WHERE DOES INDIANA STAND?

PROGRESS

CHALLENGES

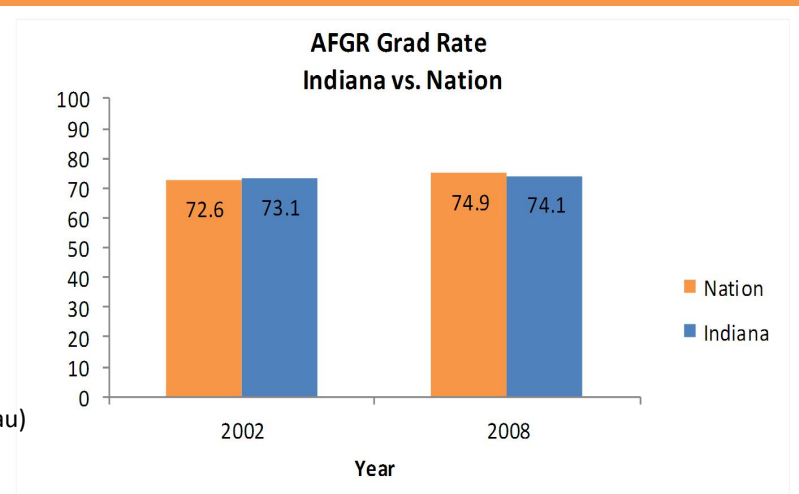
<p>I Average Freshman Graduation Rate (AFGR): Increased from 73.1 to 74.1 percent from 2002 to 2008. Average of 0.2 points per year.</p>	<p>Needs to increase 1.3 points per year starting in 2008 to reach 90 percent by 2020.</p>
<p>II Class of 2008 had 835 more graduates than Class of 2002*.</p>	<p>Class of 2020 needs 13,279 more graduates than Class of 2008* to reach 90 percent.</p>
<p>III 12 fewer dropout factories in 2008 than 2002.</p>	<p>In 2008, there were 18 dropout factories. To reach 0 by 2016, 3 schools need to improve per year.</p>
<p>IV 12,203 fewer students attended dropout factories in 2008 than 2002.</p>	<p>22,216 students still attend dropout factories in 2008.</p>
<p>V Percent of 4th graders testing at or above proficient in Reading (NAEP) increased from 33 percent to 34 percent, from 2003 to 2009.</p>	<p>52,036 4th graders still not proficient in Reading.</p>
<p>VI Percent of 8th graders testing at or above proficient in Math (NAEP) increased from 31 percent to 36 percent, from 2003 to 2009.</p>	<p>51,759 8th graders still not proficient in Math.</p>
<p>VII Students who took at least one AP exam during high school increased 4.6 percentage points from 16.1 percent to 20.7 percent, from 2004 to 2009.</p>	<p>Only 50.2 percent of test-takers scored at least one "3" or higher.</p>

CONTEXT

Poverty: Indiana ranks **5th** in childhood poverty at **26.3** percent.

College Education: Indiana ranks **36th** in college completion at **26.2** percent.

Sources: Poverty: Current Population Survey (joint effort of Bureau of Labor Statistics and Census Bureau)
College Education: 2009 American Community Survey (Census Bureau)



DEFINITIONS AND SOURCES

- I** Averaged Freshman Graduation Rate (AFGR): Provides an estimate of the overall graduation rate by averaging 8th, 9th, and 10th grade enrollments for each cohort, then dividing into the number of diplomas awarded. In 2011-2012 all reporting will shift to the US Department of Education rate using longitudinal databases.
- II** Numbers are calculated according to the definition and data provided by the US Department of Education.
*Holding the population constant: In 2008, if the graduation rate was the same as it had been in 2002, this is the difference in number of graduates.
- III, IV** Numbers are calculated based on enrollment data from the Common Core of Data (CCD) at the US Department of Education.
Dropout Factory: A school with 60 percent or fewer seniors than freshmen enrolled three years earlier. (Regular or Vocational enrollment high school with 300 or more students enrolled.)
- V, VI** Scores were gathered from state profiles on the NAEP website.
- VII** Numbers are from "The 6th Annual AP® Report to the Nation" from the College Board website.