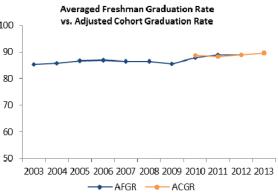
CIVIC MARSHALL PLAN TO BUILD A GRAD NATION 2015 INDEX WHERE DOES IOWA STAND?

CONTEXT

Poverty: 10 states have lower childhood poverty rates than lowa, at 14.3 percent.				
		100		
College Education: Iowa has a higher proportion of college completion than				
16 states at 24.4 percent.		80 -	•	
		70 -		
Sources:	Poverty: 2013 Current Population Survey (joint effort of Bureau of Labor Statistics and Census Bureau) College Education: 2013 American Community Survey (Census Bureau)	60 -		
		50	2003 20	



PROGRESS

CHALLENGES

Ι	Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate (ACGR): Iowa increased 1.7 points from 88 percent in 2011 to 89.7 percent in 2013.	The ACGR for Iowa needs to increase 0.04 points per year starting in 2013-2014 to reach 90 percent by 2020.
II	The Class of 2012-2013 had 29,958 graduates and the Class of 2010 -2011 had 31,367 graduates.	The Class of 2020 needs 100 more graduates than the Class of 2012-2013 to reach 90 percent in this state.
III	3 fewer dropout factories in 2013 than 2002.	In 2013, there was 1 dropout factory in Iowa. To reach 0 by 2020, 1 school needs to improve per year.* *If the state has 7 or fewer dropout factories, 1 is assigned for 2013-2014.
IV	4,763 fewer students attended dropout factories in 2013 than in 2002.	1,042 students still attend dropout factories in 2013.
V	80.4 percent of low-income* students graduated high school on time in 2013. *In this context, low-income is defined as the percentage of students eligible for free- or reduced-price lunch.	95.4 percent of medium and high income students graduated high school on time in 2013, leaving an "opportunity" gap of 15 percentage points.
VI	Percent of 4th-graders testing at or above proficient in reading (NAEP) increased from 35 percent to 38 percent, from 2003 to 2013.	21,626 4th-graders still not proficient in reading.
VII	Percent of 8th-graders testing at or above proficient in math (NAEP) increased from 33 percent to 36 percent, from 2003 to 2013.	22,655 8th-graders still not proficient in math.

2013.

VIII

The number of students who took at least one AP exam during high school increased **9.3** percentage points, from **8.6** percent to **17.9** percent, from 2003 to 2013.

Only **10.5** percent of test-takers scored at least one "3" or higher.



With a 90 percent graduation rate, the additional graduates could deliver an estimated **\$2.3 million** in increased annual earnings, **\$390 thousand** in increased annual state and local tax revenues, and an increase in the Gross State Product of **\$4 million**.

Source: Previously unpublished Alliance for Excellent Education analysis of data from Economic Modeling Specialists, Inc.

2015 Grad Nation Index provided by Johns Hopkins University's Everyone Graduates Center

www.every1graduates.org