

CIVIC MARSHALL PLAN TO BUILD A GRAD NATION

2015 INDEX

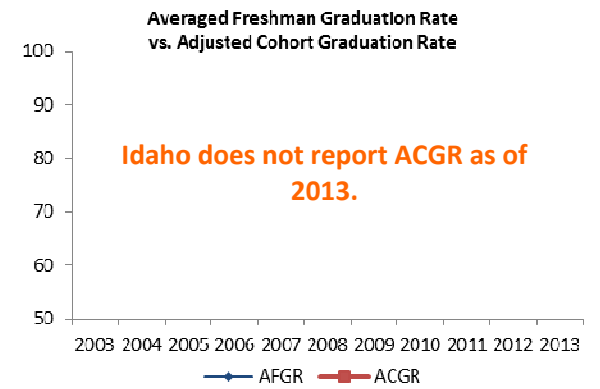
WHERE DOES IDAHO STAND?

CONTEXT

Poverty: 19 states have lower childhood poverty rates than Idaho, at 16.0 percent.

College Education: Idaho has a higher proportion of college completion than 12 states at 23.7 percent.

Sources: Poverty: 2013 Current Population Survey (joint effort of Bureau of Labor Statistics and Census Bureau)
College Education: 2013 American Community Survey (Census Bureau)



PROGRESS

CHALLENGES

I	Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate (ACGR): Idaho does not report ACGR as of 2013.	Idaho does not report ACGR as of 2013.
II	Idaho does not report ACGR as of 2013.	Idaho does not report ACGR as of 2013.
III	2 more dropout factories in 2013 than 2002.	In 2013, there were 4 dropout factories in Idaho. To reach 0 by 2020, 1 school needs to improve per year.* *If the state has 7 or fewer dropout factories, 1 is assigned for 2013-2014.
IV	2,908 more students attended dropout factories in 2013 than in 2002.	3,246 students still attend dropout factories in 2013.
V	Idaho does not report ACGR as of 2013.	Idaho does not report ACGR as of 2013.
VI	Percent of 4th-graders testing at or above proficient in reading (NAEP) increased from 30 percent to 33 percent, from 2003 to 2013.	14,598 4th-graders still not proficient in reading.
VII	Percent of 8th-graders testing at or above proficient in math (NAEP) increased from 28 percent to 36 percent, from 2003 to 2013.	13,549 8th-graders still not proficient in math.
VIII	The number of students who took at least one AP exam during high school increased 8.5 percentage points, from 11.6 percent to 20.1 percent, from 2003 to 2013.	Only 21.5 percent of test-takers scored at least one "3" or higher.

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

Idaho does not report ACGR as of 2013.

Source: Previously unpublished Alliance for Excellent Education analysis of data from Economic Modeling Specialists, Inc.