## CIVIC MARSHALL PLAN TO BUILD A GRAD NATION

# **2014 INDEX**

### WHERE DOES KENTUCKY STAND?

#### **CONTEXT**

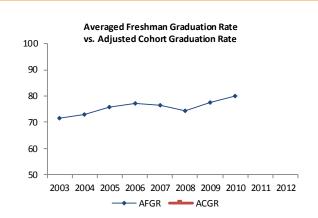
Poverty: Kentucky ranks 7th in childhood poverty at 27.7 percent.

**College Education:** Kentucky ranks **48th** in college completion at **19.9** percent.

Sources:

Poverty: 2013 Current Population Survey (joint effort of Bureau of Labor Statistics and Census Bureau)

College Education: 2012 American Community Survey (Census Bureau)



	PROGRESS	CHALLENGES
I	Average Freshman Graduation Rate (AFGR): Increased from <b>69.8</b> to <b>79.9</b> percent from 2002 to 2010 Average of <b>1.3</b> points per year	Needs to increase <b>1.0</b> point per year starting in 2010 to reach 90 percent by 2020
II	Class of 2010 had <b>5,391</b> more graduates than Class of 2002	Class of 2020 needs <b>5,391</b> more graduates than Class of 2010 to reach 90 percent
Ш	24 fewer dropout factories in 2012 than 2002	In 2012, there were <b>15</b> dropout factories. To reach 0 by 2016, <b>3</b> schools need to improve per year.
IV	<b>19,131</b> fewer students attended dropout factories in 2012 than 2002	<b>16,070</b> students still attend dropout factories in 2012
V	Percent of 4th-graders testing at or above proficient in reading (NAEP) increased from <b>31</b> percent to <b>36</b> percent, from 2002 to 2012	<b>31,901</b> 4th-graders still not proficient in reading
VI	Percent of 8th-graders testing at or above proficient in math (NAEP) increased from <b>24</b> percent to <b>30</b> percent, from 2002 to 2012	<b>35,030</b> 8th-graders still not proficient in math
VII	Students who took at least one AP exam during high school increased <b>18</b> percentage points, from <b>13.6</b> percent to <b>31.6</b> percent, from 2003 to 2013	Only <b>5.3</b> percent of test-takers scored at least one "3" or higher
VIII	This state has not reported the new, four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate (ACGR) that is now required by the U.S. Department of Education (USDOE).	All but 3 states report the new rate. Idaho, Kentucky and Oklahoma were issued waivers from the USDOE allowing them until 2013/2014 to report the new rate.

#### **ECONOMIC BENEFITS**

Due to a waiver granted from the USDOE, Kentucky has not reported the 2011-2012 ACGR data and, therefore, the economic benefits for this state cannot be calculated.

**Source:** Previously unpublished Alliance for Excellent Education analysis of data from Economic Modeling Specialists, Inc.