## CIVIC MARSHALL PLAN TO BUILD A GRAD NATION

# 2014 INDEX

### WHERE DOES ALASKA STAND?

#### CONTEXT

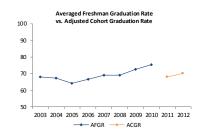
Poverty: Alaska ranks 42nd in childhood poverty at 14.5 percent.

**College Education:** Alaska ranks **29th** in college completion at **24.7** percent.

Sources:

Poverty: 2013 Current Population Survey (joint effort of Bureau of Labor Statistics and Census Bureau)

College Education: 2012 American Community Survey (Census Bureau)



	PROGRESS	CHALLENGES
I	Average Freshman Graduation Rate (AFGR): Increased from <b>65.9</b> to <b>75.5</b> percent from 2002 to 2010 Average of <b>1.2</b> points per year	Needs to increase <b>1.5</b> points per year starting in 2010 to reach 90 percent by 2020
II	Class of 2010 had <b>1,049</b> more graduates than Class of 2002	Class of 2020 needs <b>1,584</b> more graduates than Class of 2010 to reach 90 percent
III	4 fewer dropout factories in 2012 than 2002	In 2012 , there were <b>5</b> dropout factories. To reach 0 by 2016, <b>1</b> school needs to improve per year.
IV	<b>5,043</b> fewer students attended dropout factories in 2012 than 2002	2,647 students still attend dropout factories in 2012
$\mathbf{v}$	Percent of 4th-graders testing at or above proficient in reading (NAEP) decreased from <b>28</b> percent to <b>27</b> percent, from 2002 to 2012	<b>7,057</b> 4th-graders still not proficient in reading
VI	Percent of 8th-graders testing at or above proficient in math (NAEP) increased from <b>30</b> percent to <b>33</b> percent, from 2002 to 2012	<b>6,383</b> 8th-graders still not proficient in math
VII	Students who took at least one AP exam during high school increased <b>6.3</b> percentage points, from <b>16.3</b> percent to <b>22.6</b> percent, from 2003 to 2013	Only <b>14.4</b> percent of test-takers scored at least one "3" or higher
VIII	This state has reported the new, four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate (ACGR) that is now required by the U.S. Department of Education (USDOE). The ACGR for 2012 is <b>70</b> percent.	All but 3 states report the new rate. Idaho, Kentucky and Oklahoma were issued waivers from the USDOE allowing them until 2013/2014 to report the new rate.

#### **ECONOMIC BENEFITS**

With a 90 percent graduation rate, the additional graduates could deliver an estimated **\$23 million** in increased annual earnings, **\$2 million** in increased annual state and local tax revenues, and an increase in the Gross State Product of **\$36 million**.

Source: Previously unpublished Alliance for Excellent Education analysis of data from Economic Modeling Specialists, Inc.