

CIVIC MARSHALL PLAN TO BUILD A GRAD NATION

2013 INDEX

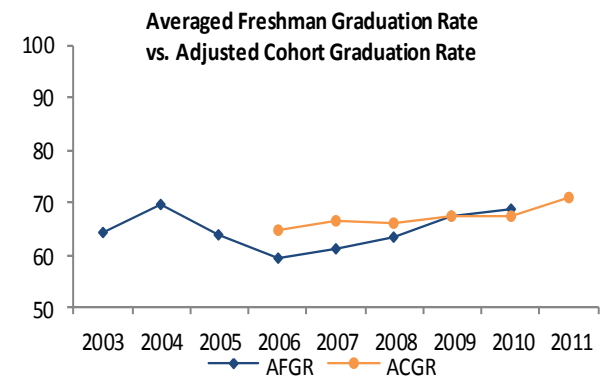
WHERE DOES LOUISIANA STAND?

CONTEXT

Poverty: Louisiana ranks **3rd** in childhood poverty at **30.2** percent.

College Education: Louisiana ranks **46th** in college completion at **23.9** percent.

Sources: Poverty: 2012 Current Population Survey (joint effort of Bureau of Labor Statistics and Census Bureau)
College Education: 2011 American Community Survey (Census Bureau)



PROGRESS

CHALLENGES

I	Average Freshman Graduation Rate (AFGR): Increased from 64.4 to 68.8 percent from 2002 to 2010 Average of 0.5 points per year	Needs to increase 2.1 points per year starting in 2010 to reach 90 percent by 2020
II	Class of 2010 had 2,340 more graduates than Class of 2002	Class of 2020 needs 11,274 more graduates than Class of 2010 to reach 90 percent
III	24 fewer dropout factories in 2011 than 2002	In 2011, there were 40 dropout factories. To reach 0 by 2016, 8 schools need to improve per year.
IV	27,417 fewer students attended dropout factories in 2011 than 2002	27,100 students still attend dropout factories in 2011
V	Percent of 4th graders testing at or above proficient in Reading (NAEP) increased from 20 percent to 23 percent, from 2003 to 2011	46,198 4th graders still not proficient in Reading
VI	Percent of 8th graders testing at or above proficient in Math (NAEP) increased from 17 percent to 22 percent, from 2003 to 2011	41,198 8th graders still not proficient in Math
VII	Students who took at least one AP exam during high school increased 9.9 percentage points, from 3.4 percent to 13.3 percent, from 2001 to 2011	Only 42.1 percent of test-takers scored at least one "3" or higher
VIII	This state has reported the new, four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate (ACGR) that is now required by the U.S. Department of Education (USDOE). The ACGR for 2011 is 71.0 percent.	All but 3 states report the new rate. Idaho and Kentucky were issued waivers from the USDOE allowing them until 2013/2014 to report the new rate. Oklahoma has applied for a waiver and is awaiting approval.

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

With a 90 percent graduation rate, the additional graduates could deliver an estimated **\$109 million** in increased annual earnings, **\$6.7 million** in increased annual state and local tax revenues, and an increase in the Gross State Product of **\$129 million**.

Source: Previously unpublished Alliance for Excellent Education analysis of data from Economic Modeling Specialists, Inc.