## Civic Marshall Plan to Build A Grad Nation 2011 INDEX

## WHERE DOES NORTH DAKOTA STAND?

PROGRESS CHALLENGES

Average Freshman Graduation Rate (AFGR):

Decreased from **85.0** to **83.8** percent from 2002 to 2008

Average of **-0.2** points per year

Needs to increase **0.5** points per year starting in 2008 to reach 90 percent by 2020

II Class of 2008 had **100** fewer graduates than Class of 2002\*

Class of 2020 needs **518** more graduates than Class of 2008\* to reach 90 percent

III 1 more dropout factory in 2009 than 2002

In 2009, there was **1** dropout factory. To reach 0 by 2016, **1** school needs to improve per year.

IV 611 more students attended dropout factories in 2009 than 2002

**611** students still attend dropout factories in 2009

Percent of 4th graders testing at or above proficient in
 Reading (NAEP) increased from 32 percent to 35 percent, from 2003 to 2009

**4,428** 4th graders still not proficient in Reading

Percent of 8th graders testing at or above proficient in VI Math (NAEP) increased from **36** percent to **43** percent, from 2003 to 2009

4,050 8th graders still not proficient in Math

VII school increased 3.8 percentage points from 6.6 percent to 10.4 percent, from 2001 to 2010

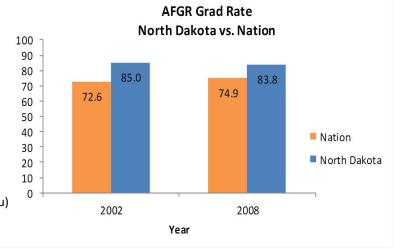
Only **65.4** percent of test-takers scored at least one "3" or higher

## CONTEXT

**Poverty:** North Dakota ranks **43rd** in childhood poverty at **14.4** percent.

**College Education:** North Dakota ranks **15th** in college completion at **33.2** percent.

**Sources:** Poverty: Current Population Survey (joint effort of Bureau of Labor Statistics and Census Bureau) College Education: 2009 American Community Survey (Census Bureau)



## **DEFINITIONS AND SOURCES**

- Averaged Freshman Graduation Rate (AFGR): Provides an estimate of the overall graduation rate by averaging 8th, 9th, and 10th grade enrollments for each cohort, then dividing into the number of diplomas awarded. In 2011-2012 all reporting will shift to the US Department of Education rate using longitudinal databases.
- Numbers are calculated according to the definition and data provided by the US Department of Education.

  \*Holding the population constant: In 2008, if the graduation rate was the same as it had been in 2002, this is the difference in number of graduates.
- Numbers are calculated based on enrollment data from the Common Core of Data (CCD) at the US Department of Education.

  III, IV Dropout Factory: A school with 60 percent or fewer seniors than freshmen enrolled three years earlier. (Regular or Vocational enrollment high school with 300 or more students enrolled.)
- V, VI Scores were gathered from state profiles on the NAEP website.
- VII Numbers are from "The 7th Annual AP® Report to the Nation" from the College Board website.