# Civic Marshall Plan to Build a Grad Nation 2011 INDEX Where Does Kansas Stand? 

## PROGRESS

## CHALLENGES

Average Freshman Graduation Rate (AFGR):
I Increased from 77.1 to 79.1 percent from 2002 to 2008 Average of 0.3 points per year

II Class of 2008 had 777 more graduates than Class of 2002*

III
2 fewer dropout factories in 2009 than 2002

IV
4,307 fewer students attended dropout factories in 2009 than 2002

Percent of 4th graders testing at or above proficient in
V Reading (NAEP) increased from 33 percent to 35 percent, from 2003 to 2009

Percent of 8th graders testing at or above proficient in
VI Math (NAEP) increased from 34 percent to 39 percent, from 2003 to 2009

Students who took at least one AP exam during high
VII school increased $\mathbf{8 . 0}$ percentage points from $\mathbf{8 . 0}$ percent to 16.0 percent, from 2001 to 2010

Needs to increase 0.9 points per year starting in 2008 to reach 90 percent by 2020

Class of 2020 needs $\mathbf{4 , 2 3 6}$ more graduates than Class of 2008* to reach 90 percent

In 2009, there were 7 dropout factories. To reach 0 by 2016, 1 school needs to improve per year.

6,409 students still attend dropout factories in 2009

22,727 4th graders still not proficient in Reading

18,558 8th graders still not proficient in Math

Only 59.4 percent of test-takers scored at least one " 3 " or higher

## CONTEXT

Poverty: Kansas ranks 31st in childhood poverty at $\mathbf{1 8 . 0}$ percent.

College Education: Kansas ranks 16th in college completion at 32.6 percent.

Sources:
Poverty: Current Population Survey (joint effort of Bureau of Labor Statistics and Census Bureau) College Education: 2009 American Community Survey (Census Bureau)

AFGR Grad Rate
Kansas vs. Nation


## DEFINITIONS AND SOURCES

 more students enrolled.)V, VI Scores were gathered from state profiles on the NAEP website.

VII Numbers are from "The 7th Annual AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ Report to the Nation" from the College Board website.

